

# INERTIAL 2022 SYMPOSIUM PROGRAM

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## **IEEE INERTIAL 2022**

### Welcome Message

Dear Colleagues, dear Friends,



After two years of successful virtual Symposia, it is time to turn our dreams into reality! We warmly welcome you to the 9<sup>th</sup> **in person IEEE International Symposium on Inertial Sensors and Systems**, INERTIAL'22, which will be held in the city of **Avignon**, **France**, **Palais des Papes**, an outstanding place with over 7 centuries of history.

This year's event continues our established tradition, started in 2014 in Laguna Beach,

CA, USA of informal international meetings discussing the latest developments in the area of modern inertial sensors and emerging applications enabled by inertial sensors.

IEEE INERTIAL is sponsored by the IEEE Sensors Council and is the only IEEE event exclusively dedicated to Inertial Sensors and Systems technology.

This symposium offers a rare opportunity to meet and network with leaders in the field of inertial sensors and systems through the informal atmosphere of a focused international technical gathering. After two years of virtual conferences, the time has come to meet again; to rediscover the remarkable atmosphere of our symposium: conviviality and high-quality exchanges. We hope the atmosphere, breadth



and depth of research topics, combined with the quality of invited and contributed technical presentations, will continue to make INERTIAL a 'must attend' event for you every year.

IEEE INERTIAL aspires to establish itself as the premier forum for reporting the latest research, development, and commercialization results in modern inertial sensors technology. You will hear from world experts about the latest in materials and micro-fabrication processes, innovative designs, new physical principles, increased performance, and a growing number of new applications and business opportunities. This year, our program will begin on **Sunday, May 8**<sup>th</sup>, with three **tutorials** offered in the areas of i: fiber optic gyroscopes, ii: quantum sensors, iii: inertial MEMS, given respectively by **Dr. Enrico Quatraro, Dr. Malo Cadoret and Dr. Dusan Radovic**.

The **technical program** covers three days of technical presentations, **May 9<sup>th</sup> to 11<sup>th</sup>**. By design, this is a single-track symposium with high quality oral presentations and exhibitions. Each presentation was carefully reviewed and selected by our Technical Program Committee, after a careful evaluation by at least three independent reviewers – the technical experts in the field.

Our three keynote speakers, Dr. Valérie Renaudin, Dr. Udo-Martin Gomez and Dr. Manuel Rodrigues will open each day with stimulating topics, including innovative solutions for pedestrian indoor navigation, an overview of Inertial MEMS technologies and market, and, finally, the success story of Microscope mission, the first satellite to test the equivalence principle in space.

Our **two invited speakers, Dr. Philippe Bouyer and Dr. Carlo Valzasina** will open the corresponding sessions throughout the meeting with focused talks on quantum sensors, and new dualmode applications of 6-axis low-power IMUs.

The contributed papers will be presented in oral and poster formats, with poster sessions preceded by a brief oral session introducing the posters.

**Several exhibitors** will bring their latest industrial products and achievements, available for interaction during the coffee breaks and lunches from May 9<sup>th</sup> on, introduced by a lightning round session on the first exhibition day.

The Digest of Technical Papers for the 2022 IEEE Inertial Sensors contains four-page versions of both the "regular technical papers" and "late news" presentations", all provided to attendees in an electronic form. Most presented papers will be available through IEEE Xplore after the symposium.

Continuing the long-standing IEEE Inertial tradition, the Technical Program Committee will select one Best Student Paper, as well as first and second runner up papers. The Awards will be announced Thursday during the Gala Dinner.

We would like to express our special thanks to the Oversight Committee, the Technical Program Committee, and many experts who contributed their time to evaluate over 90 paper submissions representing 17 countries. We thank the IEEE Sensors Council for sponsoring the 2022 IEEE Inertial Sensors Symposium as well as our **Patrons and Exhibitors**. Our special thanks to Caroline Foster, at the beginning of this story..., now **Caroline Kravec**; Brianna Orr, and the entire staff at Conference Catalysts, LLC for administrative support.

Finally, we thank all speakers, presenters, and attendees for making the 2022 IEEE Inertial Sensors Symposium such a unique event. We hope that you find the INERTIAL'22 Symposium professionally stimulating and enjoyable, and of course, we are looking forward to seeing you back next year for the INERTIAL'23.

In this so particular time, we are convinced that we will live an exceptional event, **together in Avignon**, **Palais des Papes**, France!

Olivier Le Traon IEEE INERTIAL 2022 General Chair

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# **Giacomo Langfelder**

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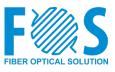


INERTIAL 2022 Program || 11

## **EXHIBITORS**

























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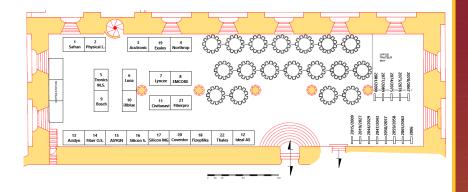






# Exhibits will be in the Grande Audience

Exhibits open at 10:45, Monday, May  $9^{\rm th}$  and close at 14:10, Wednesday, May  $11^{\rm th}$ 





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## INERTIAL 2022 Program || 13

## Sunday, May 8<sup>th</sup> Tutorials Time Zone is CEST

# 09:00 - 10:45

FIBER OPTIC GYROSCOPES – LIGHTING UP THE NAVIGATION Room: Chambre du Trésorier Instructor: Enrico Quatraro, Civitanavi Systems



**Abstract:** With his first experiments, in 1913, Georges Sagnac laid the groundwork for a new category of inertial sensors, capable of measuring rotation rates by means of light.

Over one century of experiments and development attempts, pushed by the increasing interest of the Inertial Navigation community in a reliable and completely strapdown class of sensors, the optical gyros gained

a dominant position in a wide range of applications and grades, from tactical to high end navigation.

The first uses of Sagnac effect sensors, that subsequently gained wide usage was represented by the Ring Laser Gyro, RLG;.

Later on, by taking advantage of the advancements in optical fiber technology, pushed by the fast growth of the Telecom market, the efforts in the development of Fiber Optic Gyroscopes, FOGs; led these highly versatile and easily scalable sensors to overcome the RLG. Thus, FOGs have recently dominated most of the rotation rate sensor technologies, especially in high performance navigation grade applications.

This result by the FOG was achieved thanks primarily to its flexibility and highly advantageous, difficult to compete with, size to performance ratio.

The purpose of this tutorial is to provide a basic overview of FOG technology, from the working principles to the most common implementation techniques, going through the description of the building blocks of the sensor and addressing the main design challenges and the physical effects behind them.

Finally, we will discuss some of the advantages of FOGs compared to other gyro technologies.

## Sunday, May 8<sup>th</sup> Tutorials Time Zone is CEST

## 11:15 - 13:00

PRECISION INERTIAL MEASUREMENTS USING COLD-ATOM INTERFEROMETRY Room: Chambre du Trésorier

Instructors: Malo Cadoret, French Aerospace Lab, ONERA;



**Abstract:** Atom interferometry exploits the fact that matter, like light, exhibits wave-like properties. In optical interferometry, light waves are recombined after propagating along different paths. Depending on the difference in the waves' phase accumulated along the two paths, the light may interfere constructively and appear bright or it may interfere destructively and appear dark.

Similar to an optical interferometer, an atom interferometer splits matter waves into different

paths and recombines them in a coherent manner [1]. Cold-atom interferometry use atoms that are laser-cooled to millionths of a degree above absolute zero. The atom interferometer is then realized thanks to sequences of laser pulses used to split, deflect and recombine matter waves along different trajectories, acting as beam splitters and mirrors. Through measuring the resulting interference fringes, it is possible to extract the phase difference accumulated between the waves on the paths. Since these paths are influenced by inertial effects, inertial quantities that enter this phase difference can then be accurately determined, making atom interferometry a leading precision measurement technology with applications in both applied and basic science.

Atom interferometers today are the most sensitive instruments for measuring gravity or accelerations, and probing fundamental physical phenomena. Future applications of cold-atom interferometry include inertial navigation, satellite gravimetry and space-based experiments to test gravity. These applications require a new generation of cold-atom interferometers capable of highly precise and stable measurements within compact configurations, and able to operate in real-world field conditions which represent a significant challenge for the community.

This tutorial is designed to introduce those with a vague understanding of optical interferometers to cold-atom interferometry. We will outline the basic theory needed to calculate the observed phase shift, and indicate how this phase shift is experimentally determined. We illustrate the presentation with a description of some realizations of laboratorybased cold-atom sensors dedicated to fundamental tests of physics.

Additionally, in the scope of both field and mobile applications, we will make a review of the progress made towards the development of such instruments for measuring gravitational and inertial signals and the possible benefits that cold-atom quantum sensing may offer in navigation.

[1] Mark Kasevich and Steven Chu, Phys. Rev. Lett. 67, 1991;, pp. 181–184.

## Sunday, May 8<sup>th</sup> Tutorials Time Zone is CEST

# 14:30 - 17:00

#### **CONSUMER INERTIAL MEMS – HIGH TECH IN YOUR HANDS**

Room: **Chambre du Trésorier** Instructor: **Dušan Radović** 



**Abstract:** Consumer inertial MEMS sensors or inertial measurement units, IMU; are tiny devices with typical package size of 2.5mm x 3mm which contain three axes accelerometer and gyroscope sensors. They can be found in many products we get in touch almost every day as smart phone, fitness tracker, smart watch, gaming controller, toy... Two of those high tech IMU devices named BMI160 are inside NASA helicopter Ingenuity which did fly many times on Mars surface in 2021.

The tutorial provides explanation what is inside tiny consumer inertial MEMS sensors and give each participant opportunity to put hands-on them by using hardware that will be provided. After looking what is inside, technology and application overview we continue with how to start using consumer inertial MEMS sensor by explaining basic electrical connections and communication protocols. Based on the datasheet information we show how to write simple scripts to obtain sensor data – motion information. Each participant will have opportunity to use its own hardware to configure sensor, read out data, do evaluation of parameters like accelerometer or gyroscope offset and noise. We conclude with some more experiments and proposals for further measurements with the provided hardware.

### **09:05 – 09:45** THE GENERAL RELATIVITY TESTED IN SPACE BY THE MICROSCOPE SATELLITE

#### Room: Salle du Conclave

Instructor: **Manuel Rodrigues,** MICROSCOPE, Department of Physics, Instrumentation, Environment and Space



**Abstract:** MICROSCOPE is a French space mission aiming at testing the equivalence principle developed by CNES, the Observatory of Cote d'Azur and ONERA from 1999. At the foundation of the Einstein's general relativity, the equivalence principle, EP; stipulates that all bodies are falling at the same rate in a uniform gravity field regardless of their mass or composition. Testing general relativity to its foundations is nothing more than finding the Grail of physics: the ultimate unification theory.

MICROSCOPE objective was to improve by two orders of magnitude the best current laboratory tests reaching barely 10–13. Launch in 2016, MICROSCOPE has delivered useful information for two and a half years. At the heart of the satellite, the scientific instrument developed by ONERA measured signals with a resolution better than 10–14m/s<sup>2</sup> at the particular frequency of the EP test. Apart from the scientific role, the instrument was also to feed the Drag-Free and Attitude Control System of the satellite to limit the environment accelerations to  $10-13m/s^2$ and the angular accelerations to  $10-12rd/s^2$ . A first publication in 2017 confirmed at 10–14 the Einstein's principle of equivalence with only 7% of the data available at that time. All the relevant data has been analysed and now provides the most accurate test of the equivalence principle: probably setting the test limit for the next decade.

Pending final results, the presentation will focus on the outstanding preliminary results of the MICROSCOPE mission, the first test in space of EP and will present the implications of these results for physics.

## Tuesday, May 10<sup>th</sup> Keynote Time Zone is CEST

### **09:05 – 09:45 CEST** MEMS INERTIAL SENSORS – EVOLUTION OF MARKETS, SENSORS AND TECHNOLOGIES.

Room: Salle du Conclave

Instructor: Markus Ulm, Robert Bosch GmbH



**Abstract:** Since the first acceleration sensors in the mid-80s, the market and technology of MEMS-based inertial sensors have developed enormously in just a few decades. Starting from first applications for automotive airbag systems, MEMS and especially inertial sensors have become key components in almost all aspects of modern life.

Safety and comfort functions in our cars, modern

user interfaces in our cell phones, intelligent power management in wireless headphones, independent recognition of gymnastic exercises in fitness trackers, or the various monitor functions in robots, smart homes, or industry – all functions that would be inconceivable without MEMS inertial sensors.

This progress has been made possible by an impressively high speed of innovation – even compared to Moore's Law for semiconductors.

The combined figure of merit, cFOM; of MEMS inertial sensors has steadily improved by several orders of magnitude in just a few years, illustrating that performance of those sensors is increasing drastically despite power consumption and footprint being significantly reduced.

Cross-domain innovation is a key success factor here. New approaches in manufacturing, design or the integration of intelligent software / AI enable leaps in innovation and continually enabling completely new use-cases.

The presentation gives an overview of the development of MEMS inertial sensors from the beginning until today and explains the progress in their development with recent examples.

## Wednesday, May 11<sup>th</sup> Keynote Time Zone is CEST

### **09:05 – 09:45** FROM INERTIAL SIGNALS TO PRECISE PEDESTRIAN INDOOR POSITIONING: ASSESSING HUMAN GAIT

Room: **Salle du Conclave** Instructor: **Valérie Renaudin,** Gustave Eiffel University



**Abstract:** Indoor positioning and navigation have become a prerequisite for many applications and services. Currently available solutions are mainly based on radio beacon networks deployed in the infrastructure or a-priori mapping of signal characteristics. The first approach is costly and requires numerous calibrations, and the second assumes that the signals are stable over time, which is rarely true.

Given these limitations, the use of inertial signals offers the promise of a solution that requires no infrastructure deployment, no knowledge of the map, is functional without mobile cellular networks coverage and therefore accessible to a larger population. It has become the backbone of pedestrian localization systems but must be fused with other measures to compensate for its measurement errors. The inertial sensors embedded in wearable devices are first of low quality and they require continuous calibration "tricks". Second, they measure many human motions, which are not those we are trying to estimate to track the human gait. In this context, what accuracy is achieved by the recent inertial signals processing methods? Can we measure complex human movements even when the wearable device is worn by the pedestrian on different parts of the body? Is the hybridization of inertial signals with other data still needed to ensure high accuracy? What is the best strategy to label time series of inertial data for learning human gait features with artificial intelligence: physics or human interpretation?

I will talk about recent developments in indoor pedestrian localization with inertial measurements, including artificial intelligence approaches, whether for professional applications where a 6.8m after 2'500m 3D accuracy on 3 indoor levels, ANR/DGA MALIN competition; was recently achieved or for the general public with wearables where learning issues to gain robustness in everyday life will be presented."

## Monday, May 9<sup>th</sup> Invited Speaker (Time Zone is CEST) 14:00 – 14:30

Quantum Sensors for GPS-Denied Navigation Room: Chambre du Trésorier

Instructor: Philippe Bouyer, CNRS- Institut d'Optique Graduate School, France



**Abstract:** Inertial sensors based on cold atoms and lightpulse interferometry exhibit state-of-the-art sensitivity and ultra-low measurement bias that could revolutionize a variety of fields including geophysics and seismology, gravitational wave detection and fundamental tests of gravity, and inertial navigation. We will present in this talk the progress towards a full, 3D, Quantum inertial Navigation System.

## Wednesday, May 11<sup>th</sup> Invited Speaker 11:10 – 11:40

A Compact 6-Axis IMU Combining Low-Power Operation with High Stability and Low Noise



Room: Chambre du Trésorier

Instructor: Carlo Valzasina, STMicroelectronics

**Abstract:** Consumer-grade inertial measurement units (IMU) have traditionally fallen into either the low-power sensor category suitable for wearable and IoT applications or consumer high-end sensors for AR/VR applications with improved stability but higher power consumption. ST disrupts this compromise between power and performance with a low-current 6-axis MEMS IMU that demonstrates excellent stability and noise performance. Join me as we discover the architecture, design choices, and test results of this remarkable sensor.



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# Technical Program: Sunday, May 8th

Time Zone is CEST

08:00 - 09:00 Tutorial Registration

Room: Salle des Gardes

# 09:00 - 10:45

Tutorial: Fiber Optic Gyroscopes – Lighting Up the Navigation

Enrico Quatraro, Civitanavi Systems

Room: **Chambre du Trésorier** Session Chair: **Gabriele Gattere,** ST Microelectronics

## 10:45 – 11:15 ColdQuanta Coffee Break

Room: Salle des Gardes

## 11:15 - 13:00

Tutorial: Precision Inertial Measurements Using Cold-Atom Interferometry

Malo Cadoret, French Aerospace Lab, ONERA;

Room: Chambre du Trésorier Session Chair: Gabriele Gattere, ST Microelectronics

## 13:00 - 14:30 Lunch

Room: Espace Jeanne Laurent

## **14:30 – 17:00** Tutorial: Consumer Inertial MEMS – High Tech in Your Hands

**Dušan Radović**, Bosch Sensortec Room: **Chambre du Trésorier** Session Chair: **Gabriele Gattere**, ST Microelectronics

# 18:30 - 20:00

**Tronics Microsystems Welcome Reception** 

Room: Espace Jeanne Laurent + Pont St Bénezet

All attendees are invited to the Welcome Reception for drinks and light hors d'oeuvres.

08:00 - 08:45

## Registration

Room: Salle des Gardes

## 08:45 – 09:05 Opening Remarks

Olivier Le Traon, 2022 General Chair Room: Salle du Conclave

## 09:05 - 09:45

Keynote: The General Relativity Tested in Space by the Microscope Satellite

Manuel Rodrigues, MICROSCOPE, Department of Physics, Instrumentation, Environment and Space Room: Salle du Conclave Session Chair: Olivier Le Traon, ONERA

## 09:45 – 10:25 Session – RIG and FM MEMS Gyroscopes

Room: **Salle du Conclave** Session Chairs: **Andrei Shkel**, University of California, Irvine; **Tobias Hiller**, Robert Bosch GmbH

#### 09:45

Real Time Q-Factor Mismatch Detection for Rate Integrating Gyroscope Using Amplitude Modulated Driving Signal

Takashiro Tsukamoto, Tohoku University, Japan Shuji Tanaka, Tohoku University, Japan

#### 10:05

Frequency Modulated Operation in a Silicon MEMS Gyroscope with Quatrefoil Suspension System

Madan Parajuli, University of Cambridge, United Kingdom Guillermo Sobreviela, Silicon Microgravity, United Kingdom Ashwin A. Seshia, University of Cambridge, United Kingdom

## 10:25 – 11:00 Cielo Coffee Break/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## Technical Program: Monday, May 9th

Time Zone is CEST

## 11:00- 11:30 Exhibitors Lightning Round

Room: Salle du Conclave

## 11:30 – 12:30 Session - Emerging Applications

Room: Salle du Conclave Session Chairs: Jenna Chan, U.S. Army Research Laboratory Diego Serrano, Panasonic

#### 11:30 Cots MEMS Gyros for Space

Guillaume Delavoipiere, CNES, France; Kateryna Kiryukhina, CNES, France; Francoise Bezerra, CNES, France; Djemel Lellouchi, ELEMCA, France; Olivier Gigan, TRONICS TDK, France; Yann David, TRONICS TDK, France; Antoine Filipe, TRONICS TDK, France; Guillaume Papin, TRONICS TDK, France

#### 11:50

#### Monitoring Cardiac Activity by Detecting Subtle Head Movements Using MEMS Technology

Sarah Solbiati, Department of Electronics, Information and Bioengineering, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Andrea Buffoli, Department of Electronics, Information and Bioengineering, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Valentino Megale, Softcare Studios Srls, Italy; Gianfranco Damato, Softcare Studios Srls, Italy; Bruno Lenzi, Softcare Studios Srls, Italy; Giacomo Langfelder, Department of Electronics, Information and Bioengineering, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Enrico Caiani, Department of Electronics, Information and Bioengineering, Politecnico di Milano, Italy

#### 12:10

# A Neural Network Approach to Mitigate Thermal-Induced Errors in ZUPT-aided INS

**Chi-Shih Jao,** University of California, Irvine, United States; **Danmeng Wang,** University of California, Irvine, United States; **Austin Parrish,** University of California, Irvine, United States; **Andrei Shkel,** University of California, Irvine, United State

# Technical Program: Monday, May 9th

Time Zone is CEST

## 12:30 – 14:00 LITEF Lunch/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

# 14:00 - 15:30

Session - Quantum Inertial Sensors

#### Room: Salle du Conclave

Session Chairs: Kari Moran, Naval Information Warfare Center Pacific; Mike Larsen, Northrop Grumman

#### 14:00

Invited Speaker: Quantum Sensors for GPS-Denied Navigation

Philippe Bouyer, CNRS- Institut d'Optique Graduate School, France

#### 14:30 Marine and Airborne Gravimetry with an Absolute Cold Atom Sensor

Alexis Bonnin, ONERA, France; Yannick Bidel, ONERA, France; Cédric Blanchard, ONERA, France; Jeanne Bernard, ONERA, LCM-CNAM, France; Malo Cadoret, ONERA, LCM-CNAM, France; Nassim Zahzam, ONERA, France; Sylvain Schwartz, ONERA, France; Alexandre Bresson, ONERA, France

## 14:50

#### **Diamond NMR Gyroscope**

Andrey Jarmola, UC Berkeley, United States; Sean Lourette, UC Berkeley, United States; Victor Acosta, University of New Mexico, United States; Glen Birdwell, U.S. Army Research Laboratory, United States; Peter Blümler, Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Germany; Dmitry Budker, Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Germany; Tony Ivanov, U.S. Army Research Laboratory, United States; Vladimir Malinovsky, U.S. Army Research Laboratory, United States

#### 15:10

Progress Towards the Development of a cold-Atom Inertial Measurement Unit for Onboard Applications

Jeanne Bernard, CNAM and ONERA, France; Malo Cadoret, CNAM and ONERA, France; Yannick Bidel, ONERA, France; Clément Salducci, ONERA, France; Nassim Zahzam, ONERA, France; Sylvain Schwartz, ONERA, France; Alexis Bonnin, ONERA, France; Cédric Blanchard, ONERA, France; Alexandre Bresson, ONERA, France

### Technical Program: Monday, May 9th Time Zone is CEST

15:30 - 16:00 **Posters Lightning Round** 

Room: Salle du Conclave

## 16:00 - 16:30Cielo Coffee Break/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## 16:15 - 17:30 Poster Session/Coffee Break

Room: Grande Audience Session Chairs: Slava Krylov, Tel Aviv University; Joan Giner, Bosch Sensortec

#### A Novel Modeling Method Based on 3D CT Images for Dynamics Analysis of the micro-Hemispherical Resonator Gyroscope, µ-HRG

Min Meng, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Kai Yang, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Wei Su, Institute of Electronic Engineering, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Shengwei Dong, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Hao **Zhang,** Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Jie Zhang, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; He Li, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China; Xi Wang, Microsystem & Terahertz Research Center, China Academy of Engineering Physics, China

#### Temperature Drift Self-Calibration for Honeycomb Like Disk Resonator Gyroscope

Tonggiao Miao, National University of Defense Technology, China; Yi Xu, National University of Defense Technology, China; Qingsong Li, National University of Defense Technology, China; Xiaoping Hu, National University of Defense Technology, China; Xuezhong Wu, National University of Defense Technology, China; Dingbang Xiao, National University of Defense Technology, China

#### Inertial Navigation Compensation with Machine Learning

Eric Bozeman, NIWC Pacific, United States; Minhdao Nguyen, NIWC Pacific, United States; Mohammad Alam, NIWC Pacific, United States; Jeffrey Onners, NIWC Pacific, United States

### Poster Session/Coffee Break (cont.)

SAR Imaging Challenges on UAV Trajectory Restitution / Study Case with SAR-Light Prototype at X-Band

Jean-Francois Nouvel, ONERA, France; Nicolas Castet, ONERA, France; Jerome Henrion, ONERA, France

A Transfer Model of HIGH-G Shock for MEMS in Real Working Conditions

Tianfang Peng, Tsinghua University, China; Zheng You, Tsinghua University, China

#### ULTRA-Fast Characterization of Detection Electrode Errors Under WHOLE-Angle Mode in 10 Seconds

Jiangkun Sun, National University of Defense Technology, China; Kui Liu, Xi'an Institute of Modern Control Technology, China; Sheng Yu, National University of Defense Technology, China; Xiang Xi, National University of Defense Technology, China; Xuezhong Wu, National University of Defense Technology, China; Yongmeng Zhang, National University of Defense Technology, China; Dingbang Xiao, National University of Defense Technology, China;

#### Effect of Geometry on Energy Losses in Fused Silica Dual-Shell Gyroscopes

Wei Guan, University of California, Irvine, United States; Danmeng Wang, University of California, Irvine, United States; Mohammad Asadian, University of California, Irvine, United States; Andrei Shkel, University of California, Irvine, United States

# Q-Learning BASED-Noise Covariance Adaptation in Kalman Filter for MARG Sensors Attitude Estimation

Xiang Dai, University Grenoble Alpes, France; Vahid Nateghi, University Grenoble Alpes, France; Hassen Fourati, University Grenoble Alpes, France; Christope Prieur, University Grenoble Alpes, France

#### Compact Cold Atom Accelerometer Payload for LOW-Earth Orbit Atmospheric Drag Measurement

**Michael Trigatzis,** Teledyne e2v, United Kingdom; **Marton Kiss-Toth,** Teledyne e2v, United Kingdom; **Stephen Maddox,** Teledyne e2v, United Kingdom; **Isabelle Riou,** Teledyne e2v, United Kingdom

### Poster Session/Coffee Break (cont.)

#### A Cooperation Positioning Algorithm Based on Time Delay **Square** Root Cubature Kalman Filter for AUVs

**Mingye Tong,** Harbin Institute of Technology, China; **Ya Zhang,** Harbin Institute of Technology, China; **Qingxin Wang,** Harbin Institute of Technology, China; **Jianbo Shao,** Harbin Institute of Technology, China

#### A Simulation Study of the Temperature Sensitivity and Impact of Fabrication Tolerances on the Performance of a Geometric Anti-Spring Based MEMS Gravimeter

Vinod Belwanshi, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Abhinav Prasad, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Karl Toland, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Kristian Anastasiou, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Steven Bramsiepe, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Richard Middlemiss, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Douglas Paul, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Giles Hammond, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom

#### An Analytical Model for Vibration Analysis of Disk Resonator Gyroscopes

Mehran Hosseini Pishrobat, Bilkent University, Turkey; Baha Erim Uzunoglu, Bilkent University, Turkey; Derin Erkan, Bilkent University, Turkey; Erdinc Tatar, Bilkent University, Turkey

#### UmiX Series - How to Miniaturize Fog Technology

Sébastien Ferrand, IXBLUE, France; Maxime Rattier, IXBLUE, France; Cédric Moluçon, IXBLUE, France; Emmanuelle Peter, IXBLUE, France; Marco Mancini, IXBLUE, Italy; Kévin Gautier, IXBLUE, France; Pierrick Cheiney, IXBLUE, France

## 17:30 – 17:45 Wrap Up

Room: Grande Audience

## 17:45 – 18:30 Sponsor Appreciation/Open Posters Social Event

Room: Grande Audience





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08:00 – 09:00 Registration

Room: Salle des Gardes

## **09:00 – 09:05** Opening Remarks

Olivier Le Traon, 2022 General Chair Room: Salle du Conclave

## 09:05 - 09:45

Keynote: MEMS Inertial Sensors – Evolution of Markets, Sensors and Technologies

**Markus Ulm,** Robert Bosch GmbH Room: **Salle du Conclave** Session Chair: **Olivier Le Traon,** ONERA

# 09:45 - 10:45

Session - Fiber Optic Gyroscopes

#### Room: Salle du Conclave

Session Chairs: Raphaël Levy, ONERA; Roberto Senatore, Civitanavi Systems

#### 09:45

CMOS-Enabled Silicon Photonics Driver Chip for Interferometric Fiber Optics Gyroscope

Yen-Chieh Wang, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Sin-Yun Lu, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Min-Chi Chan, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Yin-Hsuan Lee, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Tzu-Hsiang Yen, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Chia-Chien Wei, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Yi-Jen Chiu, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Ren-Young Liu, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan; Yung-Jr Hung, National Sun Yat-sen University, Taiwan

#### 10:05

Original Technique for Residual Amplitude Modulation Reduction in RFOG

Maxime Descampeaux, THALES AVS, THALES RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY, LUMIN CNRS ENS Paris-Saclay, France; Gilles Feugnet, THALES Research and Technology France, France; Fabien Bretenaker, LUMIN CNRS ENS Paris-Saclay, France

### Session - Fiber Optic Gyroscopes (cont.)

#### 10:25

Impact of Photonic Bandgap HOLLOW-Core Fiber Loss Wavelength Dependence on the Performance of RFOG

Maxime Descampeaux, THALES AVIONICS, France; Gilles Feugnet, THALES RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY, France; Benoit Debord, GPPMM group, XLIM, CNRS, Université de Limoges, Limoges, France; Fetah Benabid, GPPMM group, XLIM, CNRS, Université de Limoges, Limoges, France; Fabien Bretenaker, LUMIN CNRS ENS Paris-Saclay, France; Foued Amrani, GPPMM group, XLIM, CNRS, Université de Limoges, Limoges, France; Frédéric Gérôme, GPPMM group, XLIM, CNRS, Université de Limoges, Limoges, France

## 10:45 - 11:15

Cielo Coffee Break/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

11:15 – 11:30 INERTIAL 2023 Presentation Room: Salle du Conclave

# 11:30 - 12:50

#### Session - Solid-State Gyroscopes

Room: Salle du Conclave

Session Chairs: **Paola Carulli,** ST Microelectronics; **Andrei Shkel,** University of California, Irvine

#### 11:30

#### Si-MEMS Gyro by Safran - Towards the Navigation Grade

Jean-Sebastien Mace, Safran Electronics and Defense, France; Christophe Kergueris, Safran Colibrys, Switzerland; Frederic Fretouly, Safran Electronics and Defense, France; Julien Auger, Safran Electronics and Defense, France; Yan Lenoir, Safran Electronics and Defense, France; Fabrice Delhaye, Safran Electronics and Defense, France; Jean-Daniel Emerard, Safran Electronics and Defense, France

#### 11:50

GYTRIX, a Novel Axisymmetric Quartz Gyroscope for Navigation Purpose

**Thomas Perrier**, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; **Olivier Le Traon**, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; **Raphaël Levy**, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; **Jean Guérard**, ONERA -The French Aerospace Lab, France; **Amandine Andrieus Ledier**, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; **Pierre Lavenus**, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France

## Session - Solid-State Gyroscopes (cont.)

#### 12:10

#### Effect of Metallization on Fused Silica Dual-Shell Gyroscopes

Danmeng Wang, UCI MicroSystems Laboratory, United States; Wei Guan, UCI MicroSystems Laboratory, United States; Mohammad Asadian, UCI MicroSystems Laboratory, United States; Andrei Shkel, UCI MicroSystems Laboratory, United States

#### 12:30

#### Investigating the Effects of Silicon Etching Imperfections on the Quadrature Error in MEMS Gyroscopes

Alexandre Azier, THALES, France; Bertrand Leverrier, THALES, France; Najib Kacem, Univ. Bourgogne Franche-Comte, FEMTO-ST Institute, CNRS/UFC/ENSMM/UTBM, France; Bernard Chaumet, THALES, France; Noureddine Bouhaddi, Univ. Bourgogne Franche-Comte, FEMTO-ST Institute, CNRS/UFC/ENSMM/UTBM, France

## 12:50 - 14:10

Lunch/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## 14:10 - 15:30

### Session - Aiding Technologies and Navigation

Room: Salle du Conclave

Session Chairs: **Cristiano Marra**, TDK-InvenSense Italy srl; **Ron Polkawich**, U.S. Army Research Laboratory

#### 14:10

#### Inertial and Imaging Sensor Fusion for an Autonomous Tomorrow Igor Prikhodko, Analog Devices, United States

#### 14:30

#### Gyroscope-Aided Odometry Navigation Using a Highly-Precise Automotive MEMS IMU Complemented by a Low-Cost Sensor Array

Lukas Blocher, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Wolfram Mayer, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Miloš Vujadinović, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Jonas Haack, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Johannes Hoefele, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Dušan Radović, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Tobias Hiller, Robert Bosch GmbH, Germany; Joachim Gerlach, Albstadt-Sigmaringen University, Germany; Oliver Bringmann, University of Tuebingen, Germany

#### 14:50

Magnetometer Based on a Quartz MEMS Resonator with Two DETFs and a Stack of Magnetic Materials

Charles Mauc, ONERA, France; Thomas Perrier, ONERA, France; Raphaël Levy, ONERA, France; Johan Moulin, C2N, France; Patrick Kayser, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France

### Session - Aiding Technologies and Navigation (cont.) 15:10

Frequency Modulated MEMS Lorentz Force Magnetometer Using CW/CCW Modes

Linxin Zhang, Tohoku University, Japan; Takashiro Tsukamoto, Tohoku University, Japan; Shuji Tanaka, Tohoku University, Japan

# 15:30 - 16:00

## **Posters Lightning Round**

Room: Salle du Conclave

## 16:00 – 16:30 Cielo Coffee Break/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## 16:15 – 17:30 Poster Session/Coffee Break

#### **Room: Grand Audience**

Session Chairs: **Julien Auger,** Safran Electronics & Defense; **Igor Prikhodko,** Analog Devices

#### Rayleigh-OFDR Strain Distribution Measurement on a Self-Standing Fiber-Gyro Coil

Hugo Boiron, Laboratoire Hubert Curien, UJM-CNRS-IOGS / iXblue, France; Jérémie Pillon, Université Paris-Saclay, ENS Paris-Saclay, CNRS, LMT / iXblue, France; Emmanuelle Peter, iXblue, France; Emmanuel Marin, Laboratoire Hubert Curien, UJM-CNRS-IOGS, France; Matthieu Collignon, iXblue, France; Adriana Morana, Laboratoire Hubert Curien, UJM-CNRS-IOGS, France; Sylvain Girard, Laboratoire Hubert Curien, UJM-CNRS-IOGS, France; Hervé Lefevre, Laboratoire Hubert Curien, UJM-CNRS-IOGS / iXblue, France

Design Methodology and Model Order Reduction for Resonant Accelerometers

**Omer Halevy,** Tel Aviv University, Israel; **Slava Krylov,** Tel Aviv University, Israel

# Towards Real-Time Frequency Modulated Accelerometer Bias Calibration

Andrew Sabater, Naval Information Warfare Center, NIWC; Pacific, United States; Eric Bozeman, Naval Information Warfare Center, NIWC; Pacific, United States; Stephen Hobbs, Naval Information Warfare Center, NIWC; Pacific, United States

#### Wobble Estimation of a Turntable Axis by Using an Inertial Measurement Unit

Mehdi Bussutil, iXblue, France; Bernard Vau, iXblue, France; Damien Ponceau, Scalian, France; Clément Pinzio, iXblue, France

### 16:15 – 17:30 Poster Session/Coffee Break (cont.)

# Miniaturized Navigation Grade Quartz VBA Accelerometer for Space Applications

Olivier Jolly, Ixblue, France; Pierrick Cheiney, Ixblue, France; Thomas Kerrien, Ixblue, France; Stéphanie Michel, Ixblue, France; Steven Fosset, Ixblue, France; Alexandre Cadu, Isae Supaero, France

#### Modular Probecard-Measurement Equipment for Automated Wafer-Level Characterization of High Precision MEMS Gyroscopes

Sebastian Weidlich, Chemnitz University of Technology; Roman Forke, Fraunhofer ENAS, Germany; Karla Hiller, Fraunhofer ENAS, Germany; Daniel Bülz, Fraunhofer ENAS, Germany; Alexey Shaporin, Fraunhofer Institute for Electronic Nano Systems ENAS; Harald Kuhn, Fraunhofer ENAS, Germany

# Characterization of Mass-Loaded Silicon Nitride On-Chip Resonators for Traceable Sensing of Low Amplitude Acceleration

Timothy Hodges, The University of Ottawa, Canada; Lixue Wu, National Research Council Canada, Canada; Gengyang Mu, The University of Ottawa, Canada; Nikaya Snell, The University of Ottawa, Canada; Alexandre Bouchard, The University of Ottawa, Canada; Michel Stephan, The University of Ottawa, Canada; Triantafillos Koukoulas, National Research Council Canada, Canada; Richard Green, National Research Council Canada, Canada; Raphael St-Gelais, The University of Ottawa, Canada

#### High Stability Two Axis cold-Atom Gyroscope

Mohamed Guessoum, SYRTE, France; Romain Gautier, SYRTE, France; Quentin Bouton, SYRTE, France; Leonid Sidorenkov, SYRTE, France; Arnaud Landragin, SYRTE, France; Remi Geiger, SYRTE, France

# Noise Reduction by Data Fusion in a Multisensor System of Replicated MEMS Inclinometers

Alessandro Nastro, University of Brescia, Italy; Marco Ferrari, University of Brescia, Italy; Camilla-Irine Mura, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Andrea Labombarda, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Marco Viti, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Sandro Dalle-Feste, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Vittorio Ferrari, University of Brescia, Italy

#### A MEMS Gravimeter with multi-Axis Gravitational Sensitivity

Richard Middlemiss, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Paul Campsie, University of Strathclyde, United Kingdom; William Cunningham, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Rebecca Douglas, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Victoria McIvor, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Vinod Belwanshi, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; James Hough, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Sheila Rowan, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Douglas Paul, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Abhinav Prasad, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom; Giles D. Hammond, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom

## Poster Session/Coffee Break (cont.)

# Indirectly-Coupled Optical Resonators for Anti-Parity-Time-Symmetric Gyroscopes

Martino De Carlo, Photonics Research Group, Department of Electrical and Information Engineering, Politecnico di Bari, Italy; Francesco De Leonardis, Photonics Research Group, Department of Electrical and Information Engineering, Politecnico di Bari, Italy; Francesco Dell'Olio, Department of Electrical and Information Engineering Politecnico di Bari, Italy; Pietro Peliti, Northrop Grumman Italia, Pomezia, Italy; Fabrizio Berton, Northrop Grumman Italia, Pomezia, Italy; Mario Lucchesini, Northrop Grumman Italia, Pomezia, Italy; Vittorio M. N. Passaro, Photonics Research Group, Department of Electrical and Information Engineering, Politecnico di Bari, Italy

#### Planar Foucault Pendulum Silicon Gyro

Lucas Hudeley, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; Alain Bosseboeuf, C2N, CNRS, University Paris-Saclay, France; Olivier Le Traon, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; Thomas Perrier, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; Raphaël Levy, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France; Jean Guérard, ONERA - The French Aerospace Lab, France

## 17:30 – 17:45 Wrap Up

Room: Grande Audience

## 19:30 - 21:30

**Gala Dinner and Awards Ceremony** 

Room: Grand Tinel

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08:00 - 09:10 Registration

Room: Salle des Gardes

# 09:10 - 09:20

**Opening Remarks** 

Olivier Le Traon, 2022 General Chair Room: Salle du Conclave

## 09:20 - 10:00

Keynote: From Inertial Signals to Precise Pedestrian Indoor Positioning: Assessing Human Gait

Valérie Renaudin, Gustave Eiffel University Room: Salle du Conclave Session Chair: Olivier Le Traon, ONERA

# 10:00 - 10:45

Session - Late News

Room: Salle du Conclave Session Chair: Giacomo Langfelder, Politecnico di Milano

## 10:00

**Glass Molding for Microstructures** 

**Bin Luo**, Southeast University, China; **Zhaoxi Su**, Southeast University, China; **Jintang Shang**, Southeast University, China

#### 10:15

Open Source Bio-Logger for Monitoring and Recording Inertial Movement

Stéphane Viollet, CNRS, France; Nicolas Huloux, Aflokkat, France; Julien Diperi, CNRS, France; Jean-Marc Ingargiola, Aix-Marseill University, France; Akiko Kato, CNRS, France; Yan Roppert-Coudert, CNRS, France

#### 10:30

ULTRA-Low Resonance Frequency MEMS Gravimeter with Off-Resonance Closed-Loop Control

**Chengzhi Yi,** Waseda University, China; **Jun Wu,** Waseda University, China; **Hideyuki Maekoba**, Coventor, A Lam Research Company, Japan; **Arnaud Parent,** Coventor, A Lam Research Company, France; **Tamio Ikehashi,** Waseda University, Japan

## 10:45 - 11:10

Coffee Break/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## 11:10 - 12:40

## Session - Technologies for MEMS Inertial Sensors and IMUs

Room: Salle du Conclave Session Chairs: Caroline Coutier, CEA Leti; Shuji Tanaka, Tohoku University

#### 11:10

#### Invited Speaker: A Compact 6-Axis IMU Combining Low-Power Operation with High Stability and Low Noise

Carlo Valzasina, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Luca Giuseppe Falorni, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Francesco Rizzini, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Luca Guerinoni, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Marco Milani, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Marco Garbarino, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Stefano Polesel, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Matteo Quartiroli, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Alessandro Mecchia, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Alessandra Maria Rizzo Piazza Roncoroni, STMicroelectronics, Italy

#### 11:40

#### 0.25 deg/h Closed-Loop Bulk Acoustic Wave Gyroscope

Diego Emilio Serrano, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Amir Rahafrooz, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Ronald Lipka, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Duane Younkin, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Kieran Nunan, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; John English, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Chihchuan Chen, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Yaesuk Jeong, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Eugene Ivanov, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Dan Sullivan, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Higz Jafri, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; Ijaz Jafri, Panasonic Device Solutions Laboratory of Massachusetts, USA; USA; USA; USA; USA; Isonic Device Solutions

#### 12:00

#### The BDRIE-HS\* Technology Approach for Tiny Motion Detection with Improved Sensitivity and Noise Performance

Roman Forke, Fraunhofer ENAS; Karla Hiller, Fraunhofer ENAS; Susann Hahn, TU Chemnitz; Alexey Shaporin, Fraunhofer ENAS; Sebastian Weidlich, TU Chemnitz; Daniel Buelz, Fraunhofer ENAS; Matthias Kuechler, Fraunhofer ENAS; Danny Reuter, Fraunhofer Institute for Electronic Nano Systems ENAS / Chemnitz University of Technology, Germany; Christian Helke, Chemnitz University of Technology, Germany; Dirk Wuensch, Fraunhofer ENAS; Knut Gottfried, Fraunhofer Institute for Electronic Nano Systems ENAS, Germany; Harald Kuhn, Fraunhofer ENAS

## Session - Technologies for MEMS Inertial Sensors and IMUs (cont) 12:20

#### High Performance MEMS IMU with ThELMA-Double Technology

Gabriele Gattere, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Francesco Rizzini, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Luca Guerinoni, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Luca Falorni, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Carlo Valzasina, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Federico Vercesi, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Lorenzo Corso, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Giorgio Allegato, STMicroelectronics, Italy

## 12:40 - 14:10

Lunch/Exhibits

Room: Grande Audience

## 14:10 - 15:10

#### Session - MEMS Accelerometers

#### Room: Salle du Conclave

Session Chairs: **Tommi Piirainen**, Murata Electronics Oy; **Philippe Robert**, CEA-Leti for the session MEMS Accelerometers

#### 14:10

Nanoresonator-Based Accelerometer with Large Bandwidth and Improved Bias Stability

Theo Miani, cea leti, France; Thierry Verdot, cea leti, France; Audrey Berthelot, cea leti, France; Federico Maspero, cnr, Italy; Alexandra Koumela, cea leti, France; Philippe Robert, cea leti, France; Giacomo Langfelder, deib politecnico, Italy; Julien Arcamone, cea leti, France; Marc Sansa, cea leti, France

#### 14:30

A low-Noise Mixed Signal ASIC for Navigation-Grade Resonant MEMS Accelerometer

Rémy Dejaeger, Thales, France; Olivier Lefort, Thales, France; Mathieu Jeanneteau, Thales, France; Jean-Michel Muguet, Thales, France

#### 14:50

#### Active Shock/Vibes Rejection in FM MEMS Accelerometers

Leonardo Gaffuri Pagani, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Paolo Frigerio, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Dario Falato, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Christian Padovani, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; Francesco Rizzini, STMicroelectronics, Italy; Giacomo Langfelder, Politecnico di Milano, Italy

## 15:10 - 15:40

Closing Remarks Room: Salle du Conclave

Notes:	

# Notes:

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